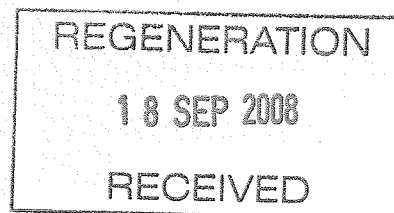


Our ref: EA/PPC/MP3530GC
Your ref:
Date: 17 September 2008



IPPC Public Register
Pollution Control Division,
Walsall Metropolitan Borough Council,
Civic Centre, Darwaol Street,
Walsall,
WS1 1TP



Dear Sir/Madam,

**THE POLLUTION PREVENTION AND CONTROL (ENGLAND AND WALES)
REGULATIONS 2000 (SI 2000 No 1973), as amended, (the PPC Regulations);**

Application reference: EA/PPC/MP3530GC
Applicant: Envirosol Ltd
Installation: Envirosol Environmental Management Facility Brownhills
EA/EPR/MP3530GC/A001

1. Enclosed is a photocopy of the document(s) the Environment Agency has made available to the public, details having been placed on the Environment Agency **Public Register** held at:-
**Environment Agency, Sentinel House, 9 Wellington Crescent,
Fradley Park, Lichfield, Staffs. WS13 8RR**
2. The documents have been copied to you under the provisions of the above Act for your information and so that you can place them on your own public register and contain no matters of confidentiality.
3. Further guidance and details of the provisions relating to these registers are given in the above Regulations.
4. If you have any query about the details enclosed or, about the actual information held by the Environment Agency or, more generally, the public access to information aspects, please do not hesitate to contact at the address below.

Yours faithfully

Mrs Karen Phaisey

Direct dial: 0115 9828365

Karen.phaisey@environment-agency.gov.uk

Enc.

Notice and covering letter for further information
CROW 4 & Appendix 11



INFORMATION REQUEST



ENVIRONMENT
AGENCY

TO	Reference Number	EPR/MP3530GC
	Company Name	Envirosol Limited
	Installation name	Envirosol Environmental Management Facility Brownhills
	Address	Collier Close, Coppice Side Industrial Estate, Brownhills. WS8 7EU
	Authorised contact	Steve Simmonds
From	Agency contact	Fiona Devine
	E-mail address	Fiona.devine@environment-agency.gov.uk
	Agency contact number	0121 708 39006
	Postal Address	NPT, The Environment Agency, Olton Court, 10 Warwick Road, Olton, Solihull.B92 7HX
	Date	29 th August 2008
	Date Information requested by	26 th September 2008
	Request reference number	01

Dear Steve,

Further to our telephone conversation of 3rd July 2008 and email of 29th August 2008 I write to confirm that to assist in the determination of your Application made under the EP Regulations please provide the Agency with the following information:

1) *Qu. 1.3 Site Maps:*

- a. In the site location plan DWG No SAS/CHEM/01 it is noted that the boundary dissects the North West corner of the building. Please confirm that this is correct and explain and how this drawing relates to the DWG No SAS/CHEM/10.
- b. The key on DWG No SAS/CHEM/10 and DWG No SAS/CHEM/11 is unclear and it is difficult to differentiate all of the features described therein. Please resubmit.
- c. With reference DWG No SAS/CHEM/12 please confirm the following:
 - i. That the 1 cubic metre lockable steel construction containers in Bays 7a to &g are appropriate for the wastes (PCB's, Highly odorous, explosive etc).
 - ii. How wastes are offloaded to bays 11, 12 & 13 and provide a site layout plan that shows waste off loading, reception, quarantine, storage etc.
- d. It is noted that in document E2 Graphical Conceptual Site Model shows an interceptor that overflows to sewer yet this is not detailed in the site drainage plan DWG No SAS/CHEM/11. Please provide a site drainage plan that shows the full extent of the site drainage of the installation. In addition please provide further full details of the interceptor and provide a copy of the consent for the discharge to sewer.
- e. It is also noted that the drainage plan shows inspection chambers/gulley's for both the foul sewer and surface water system within the building. Please describe the steps that will be taken to ensure that waste materials do not enter these systems.

creating a better place

Graham Walker
Natural England,
Woodthorne,
Wergs Road,
Wolverhampton,
WV6 8TQ



**Environment
Agency**

Our ref: EA/EPR/MP3530GC/A001
Your ref:

Date: 17 September 2008

Dear Mr Walker

Environmental permit application

Application reference: EA/EPR/MP3530GC/A001

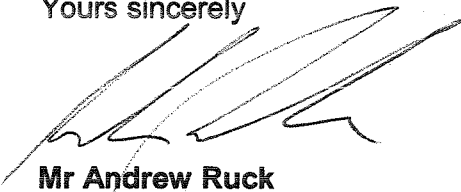
Operator: Envirosol Ltd

Facility: Envirosol Environmental Management Facility Brownhills

Please find enclosed a Habitats Directive Appendix 11 and CROW Act Appendix 4 relating to the above facility, for information.

Please phone me if you have any questions or would like to receive a copy of the application on 0115 9828355 or email andrew.ruck@environment-agency.gov.uk.

Yours sincerely



Mr Andrew Ruck
Technical Administrator
Direct dial 0115 9828355



The CROW Act 2000 and Environment Agency Permissions - Formal Notice



ENVIRONMENT
AGENCY

Environment Agency Formal Notice To English Nature/Countryside Council For Wales

Requirements of section 28I of the Wildlife & Countryside Act 1981 as incorporated by the Countryside and Rights of Way Act (CROW) 2000.

Duty in relation to granting any consent, licence or permit for activities to be carried out in or capable of affecting Sites of Special Scientific Interest (SSSI).

To be completed by relevant technical/project officer in consultation with Conservation section, referring to the Agency Guidance and the flow chart in CROW Appendix 2 titled, 'The CROW Act 2000 and Environment Agency Permissions'.

NB: [1] It is expected that there has been preliminary Consultation with EN/CCW, where the application timetable permits.

[2] Complete this form for any proposed permissions which the Agency is minded to approve, having taken account of the Agency's S28G duties. This applies to all proposed permissions within an SSSI which relate to operations listed on the OLD list, and to permissions outside an SSSI which are likely to damage its special features.

1. Agency Region and Area Office:	Midlands Upper Trent	
2. Name of SSSI(s):	Clayhanger, Cannock Extension Canal, Jockey Fields, Chasewater Heaths	
3. Type of permission:	IPPC Application	
4. Date for Agency determination:	27 th September 2008	
5. Predicted 28 day date for EN/CCW Response (under S28 I(4)):	5 th September 2008	
6. Agency Reference no:	EA/EPR/MP3530GC/AOO1	
7. National Grid reference:	SK03500520	
8. Description of proposal:	New hazardous waste transfer station	
9. Is the proposed activity within (wholly or partially) the SSSI boundary?	No	
10. If within the SSSI and on the OLD list, and/or outside the SSSI boundary, what aspect of the proposed permission is likely in the Agency view to adversely affect the notified interest of the SSSI?	N/A	
11. Name & job title of Agency Officer:	Fiona Devine Snr Permitting officer	12. Date form sent to EN/CCW: 8/8/08

For Agency use only, once EN/CCW response received

13. EN/CCW comment on assessment:	<p><i>Please circle one of following:</i></p> <p>1) No comment/advice</p> <p>Please ensure that the EN/CCW response is attached to this Formal Notice.</p>	
14. Name & job title of EN/CCW Officer:		15. Date of receipt of EN/CCW response:

within the national canal network series.

Of major importance is a large population of the nationally scarce floating water-plantain *Luronium natans*, the best known colony in both Staffordshire and the West Midlands. This plant, recognised as endangered in Europe, is found throughout the length of the Cannock Extension. Good populations also exist of flowering-rush *Butomus umbellatus*, arrowhead *Sagittaria sagittifolia*, shining pondweed *Potamogeton lucens*, perfoliate pondweed *P. perfoliatus* and spiked water-milfoil *Myriophyllum spicatum*, all of which are rare or uncommon in Staffordshire. Other uncommon species present include curled pondweed *P. crispus* and narrow-leaved water-plantain *Alisma lanceolatum*.

The eastern canal bank is brick-edged with several species including hemlock waterdropwort *Oenanthe crocata*, skullcap *Scutellaria galericulata*, fairy flax *Linum catharticum* and water dock *Rumex hydrolapathum*, growing out of the brickwork. The towpath itself supports such species as common spotted-orchid *Dactylorhiza fuchsii* and greater bird's-foot-trefoil *Lotus uliginosus*. The western bank is much more natural with reed sweet-grass *Glyceria maxima* and branched bur-reed *Sparganium erectum* forming extensive marginal stands. Yellow iris *Iris pseudacorus* and yellow loosestrife *Lysimachia vulgaris* add to the diversity of this community.

At least nine species of dragonfly have been recorded in association with the canal, including the red-eyed damselfly *Erythromma najas* and emperor dragonfly *Anax imperator*, the latter species being at the northern edge of its range in Britain.

NOTIFICATION DATE: 30 MARCH 1994

COUNTY: WEST MIDLANDS SITE NAME: JOCKEY FIELDS

DISTRICT: WALSALL SITE REF: 15W4L

Status: Site of Special Scientific Interest (SSSI) notified under Section 28 of the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981, as amended

Local Planning Authority: WALSALL METROPOLITAN BOROUGH COUNCIL

National Grid Reference: SK 041030 Area: 18.05 (ha.)

Ordnance Survey Sheet 1:50,000: 139 1:10,000: SK 00 SW

Date Notified (Under 1949 Act): ♂ Date of Last Revision: ♂

Date Notified (Under 1981 Act): 30 March 1994 Date of Last Revision: ♂

Other Information:

New site.

Description and Reasons for Notification

Jockey Fields lie to the north of Walsall on Etruria Marls (Carboniferous) overlain in part by more recent alluvial deposits. The site consists of a number of low-lying fields in a stream valley. Variations in wetness and management have produced a range of vegetation types including well-grazed damp pasture, neglected grassland, fen and mire. Running through the site are a network of well-vegetated ditches which add to the interest of the area. It is also of local interest for its wetland birds. The variety of habitats found at Jockey Fields, together with the large size of the site, the presence of a number of plant species rare in the West Midlands and the bird interest make it very important in the County.

In the south of the site, a large area of tall fen and swamp is dominated by lesser pond-sedge *Carex acutiformis* and greater reed-mace *Typha latifolia*. Other species present include meadowsweet *Filipendula ulmaria*, greater bird's-foot-trefoil *Lotus uliginosus*, yellow iris *Iris pseudacorus* and marsh thistle *Cirsium palustre*.

This area is ungrazed and subject to variable, but generally high, water levels which flood the adjoining grassland to a greater or lesser extent throughout the year.

Further north are areas of grassland, fen and mire managed by grazing. The grasslands are dominated by Yorkshire-fog *Holcus lanatus* and soft-rush *Juncus effusus* together with species such as cuckoo-flower *Cardamine pratensis*, water mint *Mentha aquatica*, bog stitchwort *Stellaria alsine*, common marsh-bedstraw *Galium palustre*, marsh horsetail *Equisetum palustre*, lesser spearwort *Ranunculus flammula* and devil's-bit scabious *Succisa pratensis*.

Sphagnum spp. and wet heathland species as well as bogbean *Menyanthes trifoliata*, roundleaved

sundew *Drosera rotundifolia* and common spotted and marsh orchids *Dactylorhiza fuchsii* and *D. praetermissa* and their hybrid *D. x grandis*. Areas of acidic marshy grassland adjacent to the heathland communities contain rushes *Juncus* spp. in association with locally uncommon species such as marsh violet *Viola palustris*, marsh cinquefoil *Potentilla palustris*, marsh arrowgrass *Triglochin palustris* and marsh pennywort *Hydrocotyle vulgaris*.

There is a well defined transition from heathland into emergent and inundation communities along the shore of the reservoir with stands of water horsetail *Equisetum fluviatile* and common spike-rush *Eleocharis palustris* together with more unusual species such as smallfruited

yellow sedge *Carex serotina*, bog pimpernel *Anagallis tenella* and shoreweed *Littorella uniflora*. Fen and swamp areas have developed on richer, deeper, soils, particularly below the dam. The outflow from the reservoir becomes the Anglesey branch of the Wyrley and Essington canal which contains a rich aquatic flora including a locally rare stonewort *Chara aspera* var. *aspera*, as well as freshwater crayfish *Austropotamodius pallipes*.

The site provides a range of habitats for breeding birds. Of particular note are snipe *Gallinago gallinago*, grasshopper warbler *Locustella naevia*, and water rail *Rallus aquaticus*.

APPENDIX 11

Form HR01: Proforma for new applications within Stage 2 criteria.



**ENVIRONMENT
AGENCY**

Environment Agency Record of Assessment of Likely Significant Effect On A European Site (Stage 2)

The new application for an Environmental Permit detailed below is within the Stage 1 criteria of within 10km Cannock Chase SAC and Cannock Extension Canal SAC, and in order to progress the application a Stage 2 assessment and consultation with Natural England/CCW is required.

PART A

To be completed by relevant technical/project officer in consultation with Conservation/Ecology section and Natural England/CCW

1. Type of permission/activity:	EPR installation
2. Agency reference no:	EA/EPR/MP3530GC/A001
3. National Grid reference:	SK0350005200
4. Site reference:	Envirosol Environmental Management Facility Brownhills Collier Close Coppice Side Industrial Estate Brownhills West Midlands WS8 7EU
5. Brief description of proposal:	New Hazardous Waste Treatment Centre - Site comprises part of a large industrial premises formerly occupied by a foundry with a separate small part of the building occupied by a manufacturer of biodiesel from waste vegetable oils. The facility acts as a collection point for a wide range of wastes. Wastes are then bulked up for disposal or recycling. Bulking may be by physical transfer of the contents from several containers in to one larger one or by the accumulation of a number of full containers to make an economical load for disposal. Wastes are then sent to appropriate disposal or recycling points. Solvent wastes are dealt with in a separate dedicated room where air emissions are extracted via abatement equipment to air. All activities take place within a building. There are no process releases to controlled waters or sewer.
6. European site name(s) and status:	Cannock Chase SAC Cannock Extension Canal SAC
7. List of interest features:	Cannock Chase 1.1 Fens & wet habitats (not sensitive to acidification) (Northern Atlantic wet heaths with Erica tetralix 1.8 Dry heathland habitats (Dry heaths (all subtypes)) Cannock Extension Canal 2.1 Vascular plants of aquatic habitats (Floating Water Plantain)
8. Is the proposal directly connected with or necessary to the management of the site for nature conservation?	No
9. What potential hazards are likely to affect the interest features? (Refer to relevant sensitivity matrix and only include those to which the interest features are sensitive). Are the interest features potentially exposed to the hazard?	

Sensitive Interest Feature:	Potential hazard:	Potential exposure to hazard and mechanism of effect/impact if known:
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	Siltation	None. There are no releases to controlled waters.
	Toxic contamination	None. There are no releases to controlled waters. Emissions into air will not impact on the European sites.
	Turbidity	None. There are no releases to controlled waters.

10. Is the potential scale or magnitude of any effect likely to be significant?		
a) Alone? (explain conclusion, e.g. in relation to de minimis criteria)	No – The only point Source emissions to air - VOC's from the bulking of solvent wastes. Emissions are extracted to abatement equipment. H1 assesses VOC emissions to air from the activities as insignificant being <1% of the long term EAL and <10% of the short term EAL. The Operator is to use techniques that are BAT to control fugitive releases, operations taking place within a building. Hence the conclusion above that there is only a low potential for the facility to cause smothering, nutrient enrichment or toxic contamination.	
b) In combination with other Environment Agency permissions and/or other plans or projects? (Explain conclusion and which plans/projects have been included, including those associated with other functions).	No	
c) In combination with permissions and/or plans/projects of other Competent Authorities? (Explain conclusion and which plans/projects have been included. See Appendix 23 for further information). Include list of other Competent Authorities that have been consulted and what their comments were in relation to the decision on likely significant effect.	As a result of its risk assessment, the Agency can conclude that: This application could not act in combination with permissions and/or plans/projects of other competent authorities, consultation has not been necessary for this issue. However, Walsall MBC is statutory consultee and was consulted but made no response regarding local plans/projects.	
11. Conclusion: Is the proposal likely to have a significant effect 'alone or in combination' on a European site? (Justification – attach any relevant supporting information and the reasons for coming to the particular conclusion)	No - AQ emissions are less than 10% of the EAL, therefore no impact.	
12. Justification for Reduced Consultation review process : A brief justification should be written outlining why each application is thought to be minor or large/complex, and thus why you are sending to Natural England for either information or consultation.	N/A	
13. Name of EA Officer:	Fiona Devine	Date: 8/08/08